Morning Oregonian

VOL. 28—NO. 8491. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1888. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

OR. 2ND & MORRISON ST.

...S, ...OOK ...E...

...very one of you want a Bi... LL BAT FREE. Well, ...rday, March 31, you come... ...store between the hours of... ...5 o'clock, and we will ... ...y boy in town, between ... ...s of 6 and 16 years, a bat; bu... ...e them out rightly, we want ... ...o cut out next Friday ... ...s OREGONIAN ADVERTI... ...NT and bring it to us, then ... ...give you a bat. Be sure ... ...g the ADVERTISEMENT, ...will give no bat. There will ... ...ecial ad in next Friday's O... ...ian, for that day only.

...RING TES TRE...

We offer you Ten Lines of

...EN'S SUITS...

...Good, Solid Cassimere Sack Suits...

At $11.50 A SUIT.

...ese Suits are well worth $16 to... ...and you can't beat this for a ... ...ain.

...MERCHANT TAILORING...

...r Spring Styles are all in, and ... ...antee you a fit at very low prices.

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...CLOTH... ...ATTERS & TA...

...or 2nd & MORRISON ST.

THOMSON'S

CELEBRATED

NEVER HAVE BEEN EQUAL TO PRESENT MAKE.

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

THREE LENGTHS. TWELVE GRADES.

HIGHEST AWARDS GRANTED.

Best Goods & Cheapest for Quality.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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SOLE MANUFACTURERS.

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Patentees and Manufacturers of

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...elebrated Boynton's Gold Steel Polish ...eylon Plumbago.

...ts for Oregon and ...ington Territory for

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SAWS.

...Panel, Band, Circ... ...saw and Mill Saws ... ...every description.

...40 First Street, ... Corner Ash, ...RTLAND, OR.

...t and One-Man Silver-Steel Saws ... ...s 87 Scratch, Double-Action Pawl ...

WEAK MEN...

...FOWLER, Steam Boi...

...L & P...ELLING CO.

Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 North First St., Portland, Or.,

...porters and Whole... sale Liquor Dealers.

—SOLE AGENTS—

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...EY SEC CHAMPAGNE, ...E HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,

VAL BLATZ WEINER BEER, WHITE ROCK MINERAL WATER.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—A POSITION IN A STORE BY AN experienced young man. Best references. Address ... 28m3

WANTED AS STEWARD BY A ... man, willing to work at ... Apply at 68 Third st 28m 2

PAINTING AND HOUSE SHOEING. ... painting neatly done at reasonable ... 255 EARY & SOMMER CO, Fifth st, be... 23m1m

CUSTOM CLOTHING AND FURNISH... ... with eight years' ... ... from the East, with eight years' ... ... and manager (speaks ... ... French and German, and has A 1 ... ... employment. Address W. Udall, ... 27m6

A CHEMIST TO MILL OWNERS—WANTED ... with flouring mill owners, with ... and investing some ... of good service; have been in ... Address D, care Oregonian ... 27m1

A MAN WITH THREE SMALL CHIL... ... a situation to do housework or as ... Address P O ... exchanged. 23m1m

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. APPLY AT 455 ... 25mtw

WANTED—TWO BOILER MAKERS, AT THE ... Iron Works. 16m tf

WANTED—A MAN OF ENERGY AND PUSH. ... 26m6 street

WANTED—A GOOD NURSE GIRL TO ASSIST ... ... German preferred. ... ... corner 7th and Main 20m2

WANTED FOR HOUSEWORK; PERMA... ... good wages. Only four in the family. ... 23m3

WANTED—AGENTS FOR MADAME McCABE'S ... the Patented Folding Bustle, ... 25mtm1

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WHO HAS SOME ... machine; must be over 21 and able ... and security. Address L K L ... 20m3

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM ... ... family, by a young man; references ... 29m1

WANTED—SMALL COTTAGE, CENTRALLY ... ... unfurnished rooms, ground ... or address R O, Room 5, second floor, ... 28m3

WANTED—TO COMMUNICATE WITH NEWS... ... who can persuade sailing commer... ... could give part of his time to ... 27m3

WANTED—AGENTS.

MALE AGENTS WANTED IMMEDIATE... ... grand new rubber undergarment for ... proof fem. MFG. H. F. LITTLE. ... 24m9

AGENTS WANTED FOR LADIES' AND ... Wear. Valuable samples free, condi... Wells Mfg. Co Farrington, Box 988, Chicago

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ONE TWO CHOICE LOTS, ... the city limits of East Portland. Address A care ... 28m9

FOR SALE—TWENTY ACRES OF LAND TWO ... from the city limits of East Portland; all ... and good land; can have it for $225 per acre. ... ...ment cash, balance in monthly installments. ... 24m1

FOR SALE—160 ACRES HAY, STOCK OR ... about 30 miles east of Co... CLAYTON & OLIVER, 25 Stark st.

$200—TWO LOTS AND GOOD COTTAGE ... in Rossman's Addition. Half cash; bal. ... and two years. Inq or address M. F. Culver, ... 22mtf

FOR SALE—80 ACRES, 25 MILES FROM EAST ... ... under plow; fine fruit and berry land ... ... per acre. ... 40 acres in ... in good state of cultivation, good ... ... small fruit and berries, ... and is offered for sale ... per acre. ... ... cash, 5 miles from East Portland; ... ... house and barn, can be irrigated from fine ... ... stream which never fails the year through. ... ... to see the property. This is a ... ... to secure a HOME. EDGAR & McCOY, ... Stark st., cor. N. Portland

FOR SALE—OR A HANDSOME PIECE OF ... ... Iron Works, Adjoining East ... A. P. G. LEWIS & DALE, 35 Stark street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GOOD FAMILY BUGGY HORSE. ... 28m3

FOR SALE—TED GRRAP—THE FURNITURE ... ... rooms for rent; if sold ... ... Hamm's Block, First and Market sts. tf

FOR SALE—A LARGE HALL SAFE, WITH ... ... Apply to W. A. DALY & ... 24mtf

FOR SALE—FIRE PROOF SAFE FOR SALE—MEDIUM ... ... cash or credit; price $40 ... & CO., 7 Stark street

FOR SALE—COMPLETE OUTFIT OF ELEGANT ... ... Apply corner of Third and ... ... F. ROTHFUSS.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

FOR SALE—FACTORY IN A TOWN OF 1200 IN... ... ... For particulars apply ... 26m5

FOR SALE—$500 WILL BUY HALF INTEREST IN ... ...

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1888.

NOTORIOUS BUT NOT ILLUSTRIOUS.

In the resolutions passed in memory of the late Chief Justice Waite at the bar meeting Wednesday, the dead jurist is described as one who had done honor to a position made "illustrious by Jay, Ellsworth, Marshall, Taney and Chase." This, so far as Taney is concerned, is to many persons new if not interesting information. Was Judge Taney an illustrious man when he was appointed to the supreme bench? Was he an illustrious man when God removed him from a position he had not the grace to resign? Let the facts of history answer the question, "How much luster did Judge Taney ever confer upon his country or the supreme bench?"

Taney was born in 1777. He removed to Baltimore in 1822. He belonged to the federal party until 1824, when he became a supporter of Jackson, who in 1831 appointed him United States attorney-general; and in 1833 nominated him as secretary of the treasury, vice Duane who had been dismissed in consequence of his disagreement with the president in the matter of the removal of the public deposits from the United States bank. The senate refused to confirm the nomination, although Taney had acted as secretary of the treasury and ordered the removal of the deposits. In 1835 on the death of Chief Justice Marshall, Jackson appointed Taney to the vacancy and he was confirmed in 1836. It is clear that Taney was not an illustrious man when he took the chair of chief justice. He was 59 years old and had not risen beyond a respectable rank in his profession. His appointment was a purely personal one on the part of Jackson, who ignored Justice Story, who had sat on the bench with the great Marshall since 1811, in order to reward a lawyer who had turned "mugwump" in 1824, and who had been the complaisant official tool and bondman of Jackson as attorney-general and secretary of the treasury. As a politician he was contemptible, as a lawyer he was not more than respectable, so it is clear that Taney did not have any "luster" of any sort or description concealed about his person when Jackson lifted him by main strength to a seat to whose level he had never professionally risen.

Now let us see what "luster" Taney conferred upon the court during his twenty-eight years of service. In 1856 a slave, Dred Scott, was carried by his master from Missouri into Illinois and Wisconsin, and thence back to Missouri. Scott was descended from Africans, who were slaves. He brought suit in the United States circuit court to assert his title to his freedom. The judgment by writ of error went to the United States supreme court. Judge Taney held that if Scott were assumed to be free he was not "a citizen of a state" so as to bring the action and further that he was still a slave, the court holding that the act of congress, which prohibited a citizen from holding slaves in the territories of the United States north of 36 degrees, 30 minutes; north latitude, was unconstitutional and void. The action of the court was severely criticised in respect to this last point, as being unwarranted after the ruling was made that Scott, considered as a free man was not a citizen.

In May, 1861, one John Merryman was arrested in Baltimore by order of a Federal general for alleged treason, and Chief Justice Taney issued a writ of habeas corpus. The officer in charge refused to obey on the ground that he had been empowered by President Lincoln to suspend the writ of habeas corpus, whereupon the chief justice wrote out a formal opinion to the effect that the president had no constitutional authority to suspend the writ and that this could be done only by the legislative authority.

These are the only notable acts of Judge Taney and it will hardly be pretended that either of them under the circumstances conferred any superfluous amount of luster on Taney and his court. When a statue of this "illustrious" person was unveiled last year in Baltimore hardly a baker's dozen of people attended, and the barking of a dog that had treed a coon would have been sufficient to have dispersed this few present.

To speak accurately Taney is a notorious rather than an illustrious historical character, so for that matter were Judge Jeffries, Jeff Davis, Vallandigham, Wilkes Booth and Guiteau. John Marshall was illustrious; Roger B. Taney was only notorious. Out of respect for history and the dictionary the committee ought not to have named Taney as an illustrious person.

TO ADVERTISE PORTLAND.

If the money asked for by the board of immigration, $2500 per month, is provided it will be spent in maintaining agents at Chicago, St. Paul and Omaha, in supporting an immigrant's headquarters in this city and in circulating printed matter setting forth the conditions of the country and the opportunities which await newcomers. This work, which is most important for the future of our state and city, has been almost wholly neglected, and our neglect has been used successfully as a means for our disparagement by other localities, and the consequence is that we are not getting a fair share of the immigration.

The plan proposed by the board is both practical and practicable. Whatever was objectionable in the system or management of the old state immigration office will be corrected in the new one. Those who have properties for sale, including real estate agents, will be allowed free access to the office here and will be afforded opportunities to put their lists for the inspection of new comers. This change alone amounts to a complete revolution in the system and as a consequence it is found that those formerly most hostile to the immigration office are now eager to promote the work. Mr. H. W. Corbett and Mr. C. H. Dodd have taken it up of themselves to solicit subscriptions to the immigration fund. They will call on the various business houses but it will, practically be impossible to make a thorough canvass of the city. The matter is one of the highest public importance and our people ought not to wait to be called on personally. Books will be opened this morning at The First National and Ladd & Tilton's banks where subscriptions or donations of money may be left. No subscription is too small to help along the good work.

RIGHT TO TAX TELEGRAPH COMPANIES AFFIRMED.

Massachusetts has won her suit against the Western Union Telegraph in the United States supreme court. This case involved $10,830 of taxes and the decision will cover the entire $37,318 which the telegraph company owes the state. Similar suits are pending in California and New Jersey, and this decision regarding the right to impose the common franchise or corporation tax upon the Western Union will command wide attention. The telegraph company refused to pay the tax, upon the ground that, out of its 2933 miles of line within the state of Massachusetts, more than 2331 miles were over, under, or across post roads, made such by the United States, leaving only 598 miles not over or along such post roads, on which the company offered to pay the proportion of the tax assessed according to mileage by the states authorities. The company asserted that it had filed with the postmaster-general a notification of its acceptance of the provisions of the laws contained in sections 5263 to 5269, revised statutes, and argued that, by virtue of those sections, the company had a right to exercise its functions as a telegraph company over roads declared by law to be military and post roads of the United States, without being subject to taxation by the state authorities. Justice Miller in his opinion said:

While the state cannot interfere to prevent the telegraph company from placing its lines along these roads, or to stop the use of them, nevertheless, the company receiving the benefit of the laws of the state for the protection of its property and its rights is liable to be taxed upon its real and personal property the same as any other corporation or person would be. It never could have been intended by congress, in conferring upon a corporation of one state the authority to enter the territory of any other state and erect its lines therein, to establish the proposition that such a company owed no obedience to the laws of the state into which it thus entered, and was under no obligation to pay its fair proportion of the taxes necessary to the state's support. If the principle now contended for be sound, every railroad in the country would be exempt from taxation, because they all have been declared to be post roads, and the same reasoning would apply with equal force to every bridge and navigable stream throughout the land.

The tax in the present case, though nominally upon the shares of the capital stock of the company, is, in effect, a tax upon that organization on account of property owned and business done by it in the state of Massachusetts, and the proportion of the length of its lines in that state to their entire length throughout the whole country is made the basis of ascertaining the value of that property and business. We do not think that such a tax is forbidden by the acceptance on the part of the telegraph company of the rights conferred by section 5263, revised statutes. The tax assessed against the company is, therefore, a valid tax.

A German correspondent is at a great deal of pains to write "THE OREGONIAN that it is grossly ignorant of German history, geography and political institutions," but while he does not forget to be insolent without provocation omits to furnish any bill of particulars. He is content with the general charge that THE OREGONIAN goes for its facts to "encyclopedias." Well, where would he have it go? Would he have it resort, as our correspondent does, to the "imagination for facts and to memory for wit," or perhaps he would like to have THE OREGONIAN accept the "Recollections of a Private," a "Flying Dutchman" who straggled at Sadowa, as the only authentic account of Prussia's victorious war with Austria in 1866? The "Encyclopedia Brittanica," and the standard American encyclopedias, however, will probably continue to be preferred by sane persons to the "ipse dixit" of the illustrious obscure exile or immigrant, whether he be an anarchist, an adventurer, a fugitive from justice, or only an innocent ignoramus, who came to America for a change of air and exercise or to escape military service. People whose temper is *too tonic* to patiently endure hearing even the "equator spoken of disrespectfully," are open to the criticism passed upon Macaulay, that "there was a wide difference between *his story* and history."

The chair factory at Salem which burned yesterday was built five years ago and was in successful operation when the Northern Pacific road first gave Oregon direct connection with the East. The managers soon found that they could not compete with Eastern made chairs, which were brought from Chicago to Walla Walla and all points east of the Cascade mountains for less money than similar freight could be carried from Salem to Walla Walla. The factory struggled along in a losing fight for a few months and then shut down, remaining idle until a few weeks back. It was the most important manufacturing establishment in Salem (excepting the flouring mills) and of special value to the town as a beginning in manufacturing industry. A dispatch states that the owners of the factory have tendered what the fire left of the plant to the lessees as a gift if they will rebuild and continue the business, and it is certainly to be hoped that the generous offer will be taken up. Salem has many advantages for manufacture—rail and river transportation, fine water power, proximity to a fine producing country with many raw materials at hand.

"Dr." Mary Walker came very near breaking up a Women's Rights convention the other day in Washington, by rising to remark that she was opposed to "woman suffrage." "Dr." Mary Walker is a woman who dresses very much like a Chinaman, and recalls Barham's lines concerning "Mrs. Winifred Pryce," as follows:

Her face, like a ferret, betokened her spirit,
Her eyes were quite red and stuck deep in the sockets.
Her gown was turned up and tucked in her pockets;
Her face had the shine of hot beer making cans,
Her hat was a beaver and made like a mat's;
To conclude Mrs. Pryce was not over young;
Had very short legs and a very long tongue.

With this dress and holding anti-woman suffrage opinions, Dr. Mary Walker was esteemed and treated by the woman suffragists as equivalent to a base, vulgar, masculine intruder.

Tax reform is likely to be a burning question in Oregon some day. Under the Vermont tax law a very large revenue is received from the tax imposed upon corporations. State Treasurer Dubois makes public the following report of the income from this source during the year 1887: Received from railroads, $64,788; car companies, $8226; steamboat companies, $1222; telephone, $359; telegraph, $317; express, $776; savings banks, $33,505; trust companies, $9313; home insurance companies, $7389; foreign fire insurance, $7643; foreign life insurance, $9705; total tax collected from corporations, $239,047 28; In the year 1886 the total was $221,701 73; thus showing an increase of $18,345 55. The year 1883 was the first under the law, and the income was $106,673. The increase since the first year is over $42,000.

Gen. John C. Fremont once gave some good advice as to the course to be pursued by a candidate for public office. This was to "shut his mouth and throw away his pen."—*Boston Traveller.*

Good advice, but Fremont's "mouth" is wide open to this day, and his pen was so much busier than his sword in Missouri and Virginia in 1861 that he was soon laid on the shelf. If Fremont had ever "thrown away his pen" and any man had found it and picked it up he would have soon concluded it was not a pen but a poker, hot at both ends.

The Rhode Island election takes place April 4. The republican nominee for governor is Royal C. Taft, president of the National Bank of Providence. He was for many years member of a large wool manufacturing firm, is a strong protectionist standing on a strong protection platform, while his nomination is satisfactory to the independents who left the republican party last year, but have become disgusted by one year's trial of the democracy. The democracy have renominated their state ticket of last year, headed by Gov. Davis, an aged and decayed Bourbon.

The democracy are not altogether easy about Virginia, as Mr. Cleveland only had the slender majority of some 5000 votes down there four years ago, and there have been a good many changes in politics since then. The congressional delegation from Virginia, for instance, had eight democrats and two republicans in 1886; now the representation stands seven republicans and three democrats.

The prohibitionists yesterday made a fine distinction. A resolution declaring it the duty of government to "extend the electoral franchise to women" was voted down, but a substitute calling for abolition of the "sex basis in the elective franchise" carried. Rather more distinction than difference in this.

Only two of the eight democratic congressmen from Pennsylvania are openly pronounced in favor of the Mills tariff bill as it is. These are Levi Malsb, of the York district, and William L. Scott, of Erie.

INTERESTING FAMILY REUNION.

Dr. R. C. Hill and wife, of Albany, were given a happy surprise Tuesday evening by the presence of their children, residing in different portions of the Pacific coast, who had assembled in honor of the 70th birthday of their father, says the Albany *Herald*. There were present Hon. W. Lair Hill of Oakland, Cal., the well-known author of "Hill's Code;" G. A. Hill, wife and son, of Seattle; Dr. J. L. Hill and family, of this city; Mrs. Mary Marks and husband, of Aurora, and Mrs. Rufus Thompson and family, of this city. These constitute all of the family except Taylor Hill of Antelope, Or., who was not present. The aged couple were among the earliest pioneers of Albany, and have been married over fifty years. Mr. Hill being 80 years old and his estimable wife being in her 79th year. Several handsome presents were bestowed upon the parents, and the family reunion was a most happy one. It is certainly a lot that rarely befalls a family of children to give their parents a birthday party at the ripe old age of 80.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT.

The bark Director, Balfour, Guthrie & Co., libelants; time for perfecting appeal extended till May 1 on stipulation.

U. S. vs. Thomas Phillips; furnishing liquor to Indians; fined $25.

To promote digestion, and for use as a stomachic, after the mid-day meal, Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. S. G. Skidmore & Co.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

Platform Adopted, Nominations Made and Central Committee Chosen.

For Congress, Prof. G. M. Miller—For Presidential Electors, T. F. Campbell, B. F. Bamp and Dr. August G. Kinney.

Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock the prohibition state convention reassembled promptly. The first business was the reading of the report of the committee on resolutions. Prof. G. M. Miller, chairman of the committee, read the platform. One section relating to woman's suffrage was amended in the convention and another section demanding that the government should enact a graded revenue tax law was stricken out. The platform as amended and adopted is as follows:

THE PLATFORM.

WHEREAS, The three great objects of government are the securing to the citizens the rights of life, liberty and property; and

WHEREAS, Through the criminal neglect and pernicious legislation of the dominant political parties, great evils have been fostered which impair all these rights, most prominent among which evils is that of the legalized liquor traffic. With a firm reliance upon an overruling Providence in favor of the right and upon the moral sense of our best citizenship, the prohibition party of Oregon submit the following platform of principles: the government

First—Should prohibit the manufacture, sale, supply, exportation and importation of, and interstate commerce in all intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

Second—Should submit to the legislatures of the several states a measure separate from every other question, providing by an amendment to the constitution the disfranchisement of paupers, illiterates and convicted criminals, and abolishing the sex basis in the elective franchise." This was adopted by the convention.]

Third—Should enforce the restoration of all unearned land grants, and prevent corporations and aliens from obtaining control of great areas of country.

Fourth—Should maintain the principles of the interstate commerce law and make such changes as will prevent extortion or discrimination against persons, places or products.

Fifth—Should issue all moneys direct, and make all money so issued a full legal tender for all purposes.

Sixth—Should provide for electing United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

Seventh—Should declare the modern "trust" and other combinations for maintaining artificial prices to be a conspiracy against the common welfare, and that it be punished accordingly.

Eighth—Should abolish the internal revenue and correct the inequalities and eliminate the unjust discriminations of the present tariff schedule.

Ninth—Should vigorously enforce the prohibition of the importation of contract labor, prevent the landing, so far as possible, of all socialists, anarchists, criminals and paupers.

The prohibition party pledges itself to do these things whenever it gains control of the government.

ABOUT FINANCES.

I. H. Amos, chairman of the finance committee, presented the following report:

The finance committee recommend that for the state and national work a sum of money be raised equal to the sum of $1 for each vote cast for Prof. G. M. Miller for congress in the campaign of 1886. This vote was 2765. We therefore recommend that the sum of $2750 be raised for state and national work, and 10 per cent. of this sum be appropriated to the national work, the balance to the state work. To raise this money we recommend the following:

First—That the sum of $1000 be pledged in this convention for the present needs.

Second—That the balance be provided by each county committee in the sum of $1 to each vote cast in the several counties for Prof. G. M. Miller in 1886. We are confident that this sum can be raised in this way by united effort by the county and precinct committees, either by prohibition clubs, entertainments or private solicitation.

Third—We recommend that the various members of the state central committee each take it upon himself to see that an earnest, active financial agent is appointed in each precinct to collect an amount equal to dollars to the number of votes cast in his precinct.

Fourth—The committee recommend that the several sums pledged and collected be reported to the chairman of the county committee, and he in turn report their several sums to Newton McCoy, East Portland, treasurer of the state executive committee.

After the reading of the report the sum of $710 was pledged in the convention.

CANDIDATES NOMINATED.

The convention proceeded to the selection of candidates, and the results was as follows:

For congressman—Prof. G. M. Miller, of Multnomah, chosen unanimously.

For supreme judge—Nomination left with the executive committee.

For presidential electors—Prof. T. F. Campbell, of Polk, B. F. Bamp, of Douglas, and Dr. August G. Kinney, of Clatsop.

DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The following were elected delegates to the national convention to be held at Indianapolis, May 30, 1888: J. W. Webb, S. Ramp and S. Condit, of Marion; Alex. M. Giles, Hickasaw, Mrs. A. R. Riggs, I. H. Amos, G. M. Miller and J. G. Warner, Multnomah; T. J. Alley, Tillamook. As alternates, Rev. C. C. Poling, Yamhill; Rev. J. W. Dick, Marion; Mrs. L. Driggs, Clackamas; Mrs. T. W. Davenport, Mason; Reuben Gant, Douglas; N. H. Gaylord, C. H. Stockton, Clatsop; W. D. Hoxter, Washington; T. F. Campbell, Polk.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

C. W. Brown, Multnomah, was chosen chairman of the state central committee.

The following are the members:

Baker—Wm. Papoun.
Benton—Geo. A. Landis.
Clackamas—A. R. Shipley.
Clatsop—Dr. Aug. G. Kinney.
Columbia—J. C. Barger.
Crook—Andrew Lytle.
Coos—W. S. Vanderberg.
Douglas—B. F. Ramp.
Grant—Joseph Long.
Gilliam—Frank McFarland.
Jackson—J. H. Russell.
Lake—J. O. Paisley.
Lane—A. S. Patterson.
Linn—J. E. Knox.
Marion—T. U. Jory.
Morrow—N. A. Thompson.
Malheur—J. L. Stone.
Multnomah—F. E. Beach.
Polk—A. W. Lucas.
Tillamook—T. J. Alley.
Umatilla—L. S. Burrell.
Washington—Wm. Fanno.
Wallowa—M. C. Davis.
Yamhill—C. E. Hoskins.

SON. J. F. CAPLES FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

The Multnomah delegation unanimously nominated J. F. Caples for district attorney, he having signified his willingness to accept the nomination of the prohibition party.

The customary votes of thanks were passed, and the convention adjourned sine die.

A considerable number of the country delegates remained in the city over night, to attend the lecture of Walter T. Mills. It was announced that Ex-Gov. St. John, of Kansas, will speak in this city on Saturday, April 21st, Sunday, 22d, and Monday, 23d.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH.

An Invention by Prof. Gray That Beats the Telephone.

Chicago Herald.

Prof. Elisha Gray of Highland park, has just completed an invention scarcely less wonderful and valuable than the telephone, of which he was also the inventor, but of which he was defrauded. "Within a few days," said the professor yesterday, "I shall give a private test of my new telautograph, an invention which will largely supplant the telephone. I have already tested it to my satisfaction, over and over again, and on Saturday I shall give an exhibition to some gentlemen from the East. I have just taken it to places to make some slight alterations, or I would show it to you now.

"By this invention you can sit down at your office in Chicago, take a pencil in your hand, write a message to me, and as your pencil moves a pencil here in my laboratory moves simultaneously and forms the same letters and words in the same way. What you write in Chicago is instantly reproduced here in facsimile. You may write in any language; write in shorthand if you like, use a code or cipher, no matter, a fac-simile is produced here. If you wish to draw a picture it is the same—the picture is reproduced here. The artist of your paper can, by this device, telegraph his pictures of a railway wreck or other occurrence, just as a reporter telegraphs his description in words. The two pencils move synchronously, and there is no reason why a circuit of 500 miles cannot be worked as easily as one of ten miles.

"This telautograph will supplant the telephone for many purposes. It can be worked in exchanges, just as the telephone is, or by private wire. It has many advantages, too. It is noiseless and devoid of the many annoyances so common to the telephone. It will be much less affected by induction. There will be no trouble in catching words or syllables, letters or figures. No misunderstandings will result. Besides, it leaves a record at both ends of the wire, and there can be no dispute about what was said. For all commercial transactions this would be an invaluable feature. In ordering goods, or sales of stocks or grain, or in transmitting names or addresses its superiority over the telephone is obvious. For desultory conversations, it is true, it would not be so rapid of working, for the reason that one cannot write as fast as he can talk, but, on the other hand, it would save many of the delays and annoyances incident to telephonic communication.

"When one person wishes to communicate with another by the telautograph he pushes a button, which rings an annunciator in the exchange, or in the office of the person with whom he wishes to converse. Then the first party takes his writing pencil from his holder—and this may be pen or pencil—and writes his message upon a roll of paper. As he writes so writes the pencil at the other end of the wire. Finishing his message, he adds a cross or any other simple token that he has finished, when the second party takes down his pencil and writes a reply. Thus a conversation can be carried on [illegible] swiftly and quickly, and when it is finished another simple word—say the telegraphic signal '30'—will indicate the end. Both parties have a full record of the conversation, and each possesses the others autograph.

"In writing," continued the professor, "your pen or pencil is attached to two small wires, and these wires regulate the currents which control the pencil at the other end of the wire. So these wires give you no trouble. You hardly know they are there, and can write with as much facility as if they were absent."

"Can this invention be used to advantage commercially?"

"Yes. It will not cost more than $15 or $20, and is easily kept in order. I have tried it again and again, and it works more perfectly than the telephone, and is much less liable to have its usefulness interfered with by injunction."

Moore's Revised Remedy is not recommended as the strong hold its peculiar discovery, but on its own merits, As a curative it werks its way, proving to be the marvel of the age.

MEETING NOTICES.

Knights Templar, Attention!

A regular conclave of Oregon Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, will be held in Masonic Temple, this (Friday) evening, March 30, 1888, at 7:30 o'clock. All sir knights are cordially invited to attend. By order of the E. C.

E. C. LIPPENCOTT, R. C.
H. H. WHITEHOUSE, Rec.

BORN,

In this city, April 2, to the wife of C. Mason, a son.

GEORGE & WAGNER, Sign Painters, 160 First, bet. Washington and Alder, upstairs.

C. H. SCHWAB & BRO., Leading Printers, Lowest Prices. 5 WASHINGTON ST.

NEW TO-DAY.

13,000 Acres of Timber Lands.

[illegible] inch—Fine [illegible] in Umatilla and E P
[illegible]—Quarter blk E in Irving Park, E P
[illegible]—House and lot in central location, E P
[illegible]—Business lot, block at east end B Holgate
[illegible]—A double dwelling on st. forty leading, E P
[illegible]—Good house and lot in Holladay's add, E P
Ten desirable lots in central E P very cheap.
For particulars about the above call on
LONG & YOUNG, room 14, 2d floor,
R Abington Block, Portland, Or.

MONEY TO LOAN
—BY THE—
Portland Trust Company of Oregon,
60 Third St.

TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent at 127 Ninth street, between 6th and 7th R

MONEY TO LOAN on improved real estate by the PACIFIC FIRE INS. CO

CUTTER'S SCHOOL SILK—Extra Strong.
There were three crows sat on a tree,
As black as crows could be;
And wonder'ed as they sat there they could not flutter
By a strap PROOF from John D CUTTER.

PORTLAND TO SALEM.
Single Fare, $1.75; Return, $2. Train leaves foot of Lincoln street at 5:30 P M Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. 16m15

FOR SALE.
CORDWOOD AND LUMBERMEN—A very fine body of timber on land within a half mile of East Portland city limits. J. FRED CLARK & SONS.

HENRY J. HILDEBRAND
Prescription Druggist,
N. W. corner 7th st and Morrison streets.
Mail Orders promptly executed. 27m3?

FOR RENT.
A FINE STORE ROOM IN HILMAN'S BLOCK on First and Taylor streets. Is 22 feet. For full information inquire of ROOKE & STORY, corner First and Taylor streets.

FOR SALE.
Block 221, Couch Addition,
Bounded by N street, North Front and North East Park streets. This property is very desirable for residence purposes. Each lot is improved by a large frame building and will be sold at a reasonable price.
PORTLAND TRUST CO OF OREGON,
26m2? 60 Third Street.

STEAMBOAT FOR SALE.
BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of O. A. Steel & Co., 274 First st., Portland, Oregon, until Wednesday, April 25, 1888, for the sale of the steamer Cleveland, now in use at Puget Sound. Gross tonnage, 49; permitted to carry thirty passengers; length of keel, beam, 11 feet; depth of hold, 5.0 feet. Two engines, condensing, 10 inch bore and 24 inch stroke. Bids desired will be received in payment if satisfactory. [illegible]

FOR TILLAMOOK.
STR. DOLPHIN
Will leave Astoria SUNDAY, April 1st, at 6 A. M.
Passenger Fare $5.
Freight, per ton, ... 400 to 6 00
Special rates on car or more cons.
Apply to J. H. D. GRAY, Agt., Astoria, Or

NEW PARK THEATER.
Four performances only, commencing
Thursday, March 29th—Matinee Saturday.
THE MONARCHS OF THE WORLD!
HAVERLY'S
New American-European, the Original Mastodon
MINSTRELS!
Under the personal supervision and sole management of M. B. HAVERLY.
This Entirely New and recently re-organized company includes all you have never seen—what you haven't seen explored.
Secure seats; avoid the crowds. Seats now on sale at Theater.

FARMERS and IMMIGRANTS!
ATTENTION!
FOR SALE—A FARM OF 160 ACRES. IT IS situated in the Grand Ronde Valley. It is all under fence and in cultivation. No richer grain and pasture land to be found anywhere. On it are set 40 large house and barn. It is magnificently watered. It is a grand property for stock farming. It is sufficient for residence of ten or 15 families. The price is low and terms very easy. I will trade for city property.
J. FRED CLARK & SONS,
Real Estate Agents,
27m8? 18 Stark St.

Collections.
Our success in this line has been remarkable. Would like to take a few more good claims. All references and security furnished.
PORTLAND REAL ESTATE & COLLECTING AGENCY,
Room 11, Dekum's Building.

Collections.
26m1

MASONIC HALL!
MRS. LOUISE STORE-BOYS, M. D.,
WILL LECTURE
THIS FRIDAY EVENING AT 8,
TO BOTH SEXES, on
The Brain and Nervous System.
Character as Indicated by the Face Illustrated.
This afternoon at 3 a Lecture to Ladies only. Admission Free.

J. CHARLES HARRISON, M. D., will deliver a Special Lecture to MEN only, Masonic Hall, Sunday evening next at 8
A lecture valuable to both young and old. Admission free. A collection taken.
All lectures illustrated by a valuable collection of Oil Paintings, Anatomical Charts and Manikins.
MRS. DR. POTTS treats diseases of Women and Children. Hours, 9 A. M. to 12 M.
DR. HARRISON, Chronic Diseases and diseases peculiar to men. Hours, 9 A. M. to 12 M. and 1 to 10 P. M. Office, Odion House. Consultation free.

NEW PARK THEATER.
Five Nights Only and Saturday Matinee, commencing TUESDAY, April 3d,
Engagement of the Eminent Melodramatic Actor,
MR. GEORGE WESSELS,
Supported by his own Extraordinary Strong Company.
Tuesday ..... MICHAEL STROGOFF
Wednesday and Thursday ..... MY PARTNER
Friday ..... THE DANITES
Saturday ..... STRANGLERS OF PARIS
MAGNIFICENT SCENERY painted expressly for each play. Seats on sale Saturday at Prentice's.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—A BARBER, AT 118 STREET. 30m3

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WAITER, AT N. Washington st. 1t

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN FEED STORE. Call 145 Front. 1t

WANTED—A STEWARD IN DINING ROOM at International Hotel. 1t

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply 346 Eleventh street. 29m3

GOOD, GENTLE HORSE TO LET. GEO. HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 73 Front st.

AN INVOICE OF EASTER CARDS JUST RECEIVED AT SANBORN, VAIL & CO'S.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, SOMETHING to do. Address Push, care Oregonian 30m3

JUST THINK! BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS $4.75, to-morrow only, at MEIER & FRANK'S. 1t

MRS. ANNIE S. BAKER, DRESSMAKER, has located at 311 West Park st, near City 30m3?

DR. E. A. JONES, 5½ MORRISON, BET FRONT and First. Diseases of women a specialty 26m?

WANTED—A WOMAN AS CHIMNEYMAID at the Wilson House, 12 North Second st. 30m3

ROOMS RETAINED AND INSURED BY THE Portland Rooming Insurance Co., 618 corner of 1f

MEN'S ALL WOOL CASSIMERES AND CAPS, all $3 suits to-morrow only, at MEIER & FRANK'S

NEWSPAPER OUTFIT, SUITABLE FOR CAMpaign paper, for cost cheap. McGee Job Printer

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CABINET MAKERS. Apply to Tacoma Furniture Factory, Tacoma, W. T. 30m3

TO TAILORS—WANTED A FIRST-CLASS COAT maker; also pants maker. Apply to P. L. Conroy Astoria 30m2

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ADJOINING ALBINA for $2000. PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL, 25 m8? 35 Stark street

DON'T FAIL TO TAKE A HAMMAM BATH Ladies' hours 8 to 12 A. M. Ash and Second.

HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 220 EIGHTH STREET, between Main and Salmon. Inquire of Perkins & Wheeler 29m3

WANTED—A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS cooking and washing; good wages. Apply to 273 Alder st. 1t

LEAVE YOUR ROOFS REPAIRED AND INsured by the Portland Roof Insurance Company, 265 Second street. 29m1?

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN general house work. 225 Harrison st, between Ninth and Tenth. 29m2

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 90 FIFTEENTH ST, bet E and F. Inquire at the Vienna, cor second and Washington sts 29m1

COTTAGE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR Cheap; must be sold by April 1, at a bargain. Inquire at 94 Main, cor Fifth st. 1t

MONEY TO LOAN & CALL ON LONG & Young, Room 14, third floor, Abington block 27m3?

HORSE, HARNESS AND BUGGY FOR SALE. Horse 6 years old. Apply to John Watson, carpenter, Fourth and Ash 30m3

WANTED—TO PURCHASE COFFEE HOUSE in good, thoroughfare. Reply, stating location and price, to M. L. care Oregonian. 29m3?

FOR RENT—SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE cottages in good neighborhoods. Portland Trust Company of Oregon, 60 Third street. 29m1?

WANTED—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house for two persons by April 1, 1888. Address S. Fuehrwanger, care Newmarket Drug. 30m3

WOOD—IF YOU WANT GOOD DRY FIR, oak or ash wood, go to the Pioneer wood yard, foot of Morrison st. Telephone 189 18?f

$10,000 WANTED BY AN INCORPORATED company, to which good security can be offered. Address C. D. care Oregonian 27m3

CLAM CHOWDER AT SIMMONS Restaurant, No. 82 Stark st. Best in town for the money. 1t

FOR SALE—A LODGING HOUSE OF 21 ROOMS, well furnished, doing good business. 209 North Third st, corner of B. Sold on account of sickness. 30m1?

WANTED—GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK; NO cooking (German preferred). Inquire upstairs at 284 Washington st, between 21 and 22. Mrs. Marks.

FOR RENT—MODERN IMPROVED FURNISHed house, with stable; rent low to responsible parties. Address A B, care Oregonian. 30m3

PART OF SPRING CLOTHS, PATTERN wrapped in brown paper. Name on package. Return to Oregonian office. 29m3? H. B. LITE.

ROOMS—99 FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED rooms, desirable locations, rents low. Apply at once. THE EMPIRE, Room 96, Union block 27m3?

10 PER LB.—BEST EASTERN SQUAB in stock, 50¢ to 75¢ per doz. J. N. Bristol, 61 Marr street.

$1100 EASY PAYMENTS WILL BUY 50 feet, with house and lot, on Washington st, in business part of Portland. Address A B, care Oregonian. 30m3

WANTED—2 FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKERS and one apprentice at Mrs. Wheeler's, by request, 204 Washington st. Ladies can build on premises.

THREE GOOD WOMEN WITH FIRST-CLASS references to cook, wash and iron. Also a number of three good girls wanted for good places. A. C. LADD & CO., 24 and 25 Ladd's Addition. 1t

WANTED—A MUSICAL ASSISTANT FOR A Kindergarten; one who can speak French preferred; to teach in trading class. Apply to MRS. DUNLAP, 243 Washington street. 30m3

NEW ROOMS, NICELY FURNISHED, WITH board, at Mrs. Comstock's house, cor Alder and East Park sts, No 135 16m1 tu f s

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and other goods. Advances made on goods transferred. Union Transfer and Storage Co., 248 First. Telephone 45

TIMBER LAND THAT WILL CUT from 15,000 to 20,000 feet to the acre for sale at a bargain, by LONG & YOUNG, Room 14, Third floor, Abington block 25m3?

5 FIVE-ACRE TRACTS NEAR MT. TAbor for sale by the owner, cheap for cash or on installments, ranging from $175 to $250 per acre. 28m1? GRADON & ANGEL, 106 First st

CAPABLE MIDDLE-AGED LADY WOULD like a position as housekeeper, or cook for hotel or boarding house. Portland Real Estate and Collectors' Agency, Room 11, Dekum bldg

A CHOICE 5 ACRE TRACT ON Alberta avenue, East Portland, just east of the Sunnyside tract. Only a small amount of cash required. F. Goodrich, 100 Front.

SHORTHAND TAUGHT AT THE PORTland Business College, 2nd and Yamhill sts, day and evening. Students obtain a speed of 100 to 125 words per minute in three months.

NOTICE TO BOARDERS—ON APRIL 1 MRS. Mary Marks, formerly of the Marks House, Cordelia House (the German style) is at 284 Washington st. She will serve an elegant dinner Sunday next at 5 o'clock sharp evening. 29m3?

$5000 OF CAPITAL AND THE RIGHT MAN of business qualification can secure a half interest in a well established business in this city. Inquire of KRAEMER & WOLF, 27m8? Room 5 Mosley building.

Lots 5 and 6, block 15, Albina Homestead, $125.
Lot 3, block 18, Albina Homestead, $150.
Lots 1, 2, block 3, Albina Homestead, $400.
Lots 1, 2, and 4, block 11, Albina Homestead, $400.
Price of each of the above lots will be advanced 5 per cent. on first day of April, 1888. Albina Homestead Association, 25 Stark street.

FOR SALE—BY FOOT, FRONT OR BY BLOCK, a choice block of acre property, unincumbered, also new and convenient dwellings of five rooms each, in East Portland. Call on or address Stevenson & Morris, 264 Grand avenue, East Portland. 30m3?

A YOUNG MAN WHO IS THOROUGHLY ACquainted with the city wants a situation to make himself generally useful in some business house; has had a high school education and can speak German and English. Address C. Dill, care Oregonian. 29m3?

WE HAVE SECURED THE SERVICES OF A first-class Eastern artist, who has no equal in this city, in hair cutting. We invite the public to call and be convinced of the truthfulness of this statement. Misses Rosenthal, 107 Fourth street, between Morrison and Yamhill.

FOR SALE—AT ONE HALF ITS VALUE, A handsome, highly improved, corner lot, 100x100, in town of Clifton, Or., containing a fine dwelling with brick basement and all necessary out houses. For cents and of assorted fruit. DAVIS & DUNLAP.

FOR SALE—A LOT 50x100 FEET, CORNER OF Montgomery and Thirteenth streets; price $400. No reasonable offer refused. Terms easy. Inquire of PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL, 25 Stark st

CABLE CARS AND BOOM ARE coming. Buy now and save money. Portland Real Estate and Collection Agency, Room 11, Dekum's building. 30m3?

TO CONTRACTORS—SEALED BIDS WILL BE received at the office of Hungerford & Carnahan, 59 Washington street, until Tuesday, April 10, for the following work on the Riverside & Shoalwater Bay Railroad: 30,000 lineal feet of trestle and roadway at Riverside; 10,000 lineal feet of trestle and roadway along the line; 5,000 cubic yards of earth, more or less. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned. HAWKINS & HARRINGTON.

ORANGES! ORANGES!
JUST ARRIVED.
1 Car 163 box Riverside Seedlings, Two good 5 packs.
" 90 " Washington Navels " "
" 72 " Mediterranean Sweets " "
" 72 " Lisbon Lemons " "
1 Car 200 " San Gabriel Oranges—Budded Fruit
" 300 " Seedlings and Maltese Blood.
1 Car 307 " Pomona Oranges.
This is an Exceptionally Fine Lot of Fruit.
All of the above is direct from the growers, wrapped and packed expressly for this market.
For sale in lots to suit at lowest market prices, by
F. H. PAGE,
Corner Front and Washington,
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.

COKE CONSUMERS.
In consequence of the advance in coals, the price for coke in the yard will be SIX DOLLARS PER TON on and after April 1.
29m3 PORTLAND GASLIGHT CO.

BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT

The Oregonian.

PUBLISHED FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1888.

IN SAN FRANCISCO "The Oregonian" is on Sale at Smith, 24 Third street, and at the corner of Kearny and Market.

A SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

Local Report.

PORTLAND—March 29, 5:49 P. M.

Stations.	Bar.	Ther.	Max.	Min.	Rain.	Wind.	Weather.
Portland	30.12	48	58	41	0.01	SW	Cloudy
Astoria	30.14	46	52	41	0.00	SW	Cloudy
Walla Walla	30.22	42	52	30	0.00	SW	Rain
Umatilla	30.22	42	52	30	0.00	SW	Rain
Baker City	30.22	36	52	30	0.00	SW	Rain
Roseburg	30.12	48	58	41	0.00	SW	Cloudy
Red Bluff	30.08	52	62	42	0.00	SW	Cloudy
San Francisco	30.08	52	62	42	0.00	SW	Cloudy
Carson City	30.08	52	62	42	0.00	SW	Cloudy
Winnemucca	30.08	52	62	42	0.00	SW	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	30.08	52	62	42	0.00	SW	Cloudy

Minimum temperature, 31 degrees.

Maximum temperature, 58 degrees.

Total precipitation, 0.01 inches.

Total excess of precipitation since Jan. 1, 1888, 2.23 inches.

Total deficiency of precipitation since Jan. 1, 1887, 4.31 inches.

Total excess of precipitation since July 1, 1887, 2.97 inches.

Total deficiency of precipitation since July 1, 1887, 4.31 inches.

Total deficiency of precipitation since March 1, 1887, 2.71 inches.

Total deficiency of precipitation since March 1, 1887, 2.71 inches.

Total deficiency of precipitation since March 1, 1887, 2.71

DISASTERS.

Many Men Entombed in a Mine at Rich Hill, Mo.

SHOCKING LOSS OF LIFE FEARED.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Valley Disaster—Great Damage Wrought by Floods in the South.

KANSAS CITY, March 29.—The following dispatch has just been received from Rich Hill, Missouri: About o'clock this afternoon there was a rumbling sound in mine No. 6 at this place, and a moment after a fearful explosion occured that entirely wrecked the mine and buried in the debris over 100 miners, who were cut off from all means of escape. Forty bodies have already been taken out. The superintendent of the mine was taken out badly injured, but will survive. In the terrible excitement and confusion it is impossible to get a list of names, or even an estimate as to the full extent of the disaster, but it is now thought that over fifty men were killed. The mine is situated six miles distant from the town.

There were two explosions, and it is said the total loss of life will reach sixty men. Rich Hill is located in Bates county, about sixty-five miles south of Kansas City.

PARTICULARS OF THE DISASTER.

KANSAS CITY, March 29.—The Journal's special from Rich Hill says: The most horrible disaster that has ever occurred in the West happened at noon to-day, in the Keith & Perry No. 6 mine, and as a result a large number of men are entombed, and thousands of dollars worth of property destroyed.

Just at the dinner hour, when the men were ascending, eight at a time, on the cage, a terrible gas explosion occurred, filling every entry with a flame of fire which shot out of the shaft.

It cannot be ascertained to-night just how many men are yet in the mine, but at 11 o'clock one man had been taken out dead. The work of removing the debris and cleaning the shaft has been going on all the afternoon, but it will be several hours before much can be done towards entering the mine proper.

THE SUPERINTENDENT'S STATEMENT.

The Journal reporter called at the residence of the superintendent at 11 o'clock, and found him propped up in a chair, with his face and hands bandaged, and scarcely able to talk, but he made the following statement:

"At just seven minutes after noon I was telephoned that an explosion had occurred at No. 6. I went out as soon as possible and found the south cage, on which the men always ascend, stuck in the shaft. I went down on it, cornered with ropes, and found all badly burned and in a frenzy. In fact, they were crazy, some shouting and others singing.

"We finally managed to be hoisted by means of ropes and pulleys in a fainting condition, and it was then ascertained that the north cage could be worked. I then called for volunteers to go down with me to see if any poor fellows at the bottom could be got out. Robert Hall, George Henry, Charles Smallwood and Matt Dulehand responded.

"When we reached the bottom I looked through into the entry, and saw a light, and I asked who was there. A voice responded, 'Gray,' and I told him to put out his light. He asked him to come to me, but he was exhausted, and could not do so, and I reached through the small aperture and dragged him into the cage.

"Just as this was done, wind rushed with the velocity of a cyclone on the entry, putting out all our lights but one. This was followed by two loud reports, and a seething flame of fire came with a deafening roar, completely smoking us and shooting out of the mouth of the shaft 140 feet above our heads. We were all horribly burned, and thought our time had come.

"The flames decreased as suddenly as they had come, and we had no chance to attempt to save others. I yelled to the men on top to hoist away, and after what seemed hours we were started up and taken out in safety, though badly burned and greatly exhausted."

ALL PROBABLY DEAD.

It is probable that all who were in the mine at the time of the first explosion are dead. About eighty-five miners are employed in this mine. They are mostly negroes, who came from Springfield, Ill., when the mine was opened less than a year ago.

NO MORE PARTICULARS.

RICH HILL, March 29.—No further particulars are obtainable to-night, but it is claimed now that not more than thirty are in the mine.

THE JULIA DISASTER.

If All Had Done Their Duty It Would Not Have Occurred.

SOUTH VALLEJO, March 29.—The coroner's jury investigating the causes of the explosion of the boilers of the steamer Julia on the 27th of February, whereby the vessel was wrecked and twenty-one persons killed, returned a verdict to-day. Following is a full report, omitting the names of the dead:

We believe that the cause of the explosion was: First—That the boilers were not sufficiently strong to carry 110 pounds of steam per square inch of surface.

We believe that boilers intended for the use of fluid fuel should be differently constructed and of a different type to those used on board the Julia. We further believe that while we are not prepared to say that the use of fluid as fuel was the primary cause of the explosion we do believe that it added largely to the loss of life after the explosion had occurred, by instantaneously enveloping the whole of the cabin or midship part of the boat in flames, thereby preventing the escape of those who were in proximate enough to be in that part of the boat, or all save of any effort from the outside to save those in peril.

We believe that those who were responsible for the employment of the fireman employed did not use proper care in the selection of one to fire with liquid fuel, for we believe that the one who was employed at the time of the explosion was not fully qualified for the position.

We further believe that the United States local inspectors of boilers was careless and negligent in the discharge of his duties, in not making himself familiar with the thickness and quality of the iron from which the boilers of the Julia were constructed.

We condemn the habit of giving a certificate of the thickness of the metal greater than it really is. We need go no further than his own testimony, given before this jury on Wednesday evening, March 21, which, in answer to a question from a juror, he stated that had he known the real thickness of the iron in the boiler he would not have given a certificate allowing a pressure of 110 pounds per square inch.

We further believe that petroleum is a dangerous compound when used as liquid fuel, and we believe that its use should be prohibited by law on all steam passenger or ferryboats.

GREAT DAMAGE FROM FLOODS.

Many Bridges Swept Away and Railroads Washed Out.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 29.—The great rain storm continues and the country is flooded and all water courses are unprecedentedly swollen. Many bridges have been swept away and washouts are reported on all railways leading into the city. Trains that came in yesterday afternoon are held and none departed South, east or west last night. Dispatches from all parts of the state tell of tremendous floods and great damage.

IN OHIO.

TIFFIN, March 29.—Continuous rains for forty-eight hours have caused the Sandusky river to overflow its banks, causing great damage to thousands of acres of wheat and flooding that portion of the city located on the flats.

STRIKERS RESORT TO VIOLENCE.

A Short-Lived Strike—A General Boycott Threatened.

CHICAGO, March 29.—The first serious trouble since the inauguration of the Burlington switchmen's strike occurred this afternoon about 5 o'clock, at Kinzie street and Western avenue. A Burlington switch engine and crew attempted to transfer some freight cars to the Northwestern track. A crowd of switchmen of other roads, together with a miscellaneous mob of roughs, was standing about and jeering the new men. When the train reached Western avenue the switch was thrown by some one and a number of cars were ditched. The mob then drove the fireman, engineer and new switchmen away, using them roughly. Six or eight Pinkerton men were on the train, and attempted to repel the attack, but were quickly disarmed and took to their heels to escape the mob.

General Superintendent Besler of the "Q" road, who was on the train, was soon recognized by the mob and set upon. He was badly used up, having both eyes blacked and being badly bruised, but finally made his escape into the switchhouse.

Thirty city policemen were then brought to the scene, and the mob quickly dispersed.

William Quirk, a Milwaukee and St. Paul switchman, was arrested, and followed him to the West Madison station, and offered any amount of bail for his release. The police refused, however, and locked him up.

The Milwaukee & St. Paul switchmen then in a rage decided to quit work, and immediately deserted the trains. The whole yard force of switchmen, engineers and firemen, 227 in all, stopped, leaving twenty-five engines standing on the tracks. It is supposed that the brakemen of the same road will go to-night.

A GENERAL BOYCOTT ORDERED.

An evening paper asserts that at a meeting of engineers, firemen and switchmen, this afternoon, representatives of all the roads resolved that a general boycott should be declared against Burlington freight on all lines. The sentiment expressed was that the Burlington road had gone too far, and there was no reason why the demand of the engineers should not be complied with.

The Burlington road put forty new switchmen at work to-day, and are gradually raising the blockade in the yards. No freight has yet been offered to other roads, except to the Stock Yards Transit Company, the manager of which this afternoon notified the Burlington that he was unable to do anything with the cars, because the company's switchmen would not touch them.

The truth of the rumored boycott on the other roads remains to be seen. The various roads in the city have an enormous number of cars consigned to the Burlington road on their tracks, and are glad to get rid of them soon to avoid delay.

BOUND TO HAVE WORK.

PEORIA, March 29.—Another party of conductors and brakemen from the Reading system, in all, passed through this city this morning, en route to Chicago to enter the employ of the C., B. & Q. road. They were all Knights of Labor, and said they were determined to go to work on the "Q," no matter what orders the general executive board might issue to the contrary.

THE STRIKE SHORT-LIVED.

CHICAGO, March 29.—The strike of the St. Paul men seems to an end as quickly as it began to-day. At 2:30 P. M. two officials of the St. Paul company succeeded in having Quirk released on bail. He went at once to where the strikers were in session, and was greeted with enthusiasm. His presence put life then in good humor, and it was speedily resolved that a resumption of work was the proper course to pursue. By 9 P. M. the men were again at their posts, and everything on the St. Paul was moving as smoothly as though nothing untoward had happened.

A DENVER CELEBRATION.

Over the Completion of a Road to the Gulf of Mexico.

DENVER, March 29.—The celebration over the completion of the Panhandle road to the Gulf of Mexico was continued to-day. During the forenoon the visitors were driven over the city, and shown various places of interest. The afternoon was occupied in excursions to suburban points, and listening to concerts at various parks and public lawns of the city. Should the weather, as every present condition indicates, prove fine to-morrow the great parade will take place, and will be witnessed by thousands of people. It will be one of the grandest ever seen in this country. Every guild will be represented. The Grocers' and Butchers' Association will turn out alone with over 300 wagons, but they will be but as a mere drop in the bucket in the composition of the pageant. To-night the strangers are being entertained with a grand banquet at the Tabor Grand opera house, which without doubt is the most magnificent affair ever given in the city. Over 3000 people are in attendance, and over twice that number were turned away from the doors.

EASTERN NEWS ITEMS.

INTERNATIONAL RANGE ASSOCIATION.

DENVER, March 29.—The second day's session of the International Range Association was occupied in the transaction of business of little importance, and election of officers for the ensuing year, as follows: President, T. F. D. Thorpe, Fort Worth, Tex.; first vice-president, W. F. Metcalf, New Mexico; secretary, Henry M. Taylor, New Mexico; treasurer, Charles M. Hampson, Denver. The vice-presidents from the various states and territories were announced as follows: Colorado, T. H. Metcalf; Texas, A. W. Rutland, Wyoming, A. T. Babbitt; New Mexico, O. A. Hadley; Utah, A. J. Story; Mexico, Thomas McManus, F. F. Ernest; of Colorado, Thomas McManus of Mexico, and S. W. Lomax of Texas were elected members of the board of directors. Adjourned till to-morrow.

A WESTERN UNION DENIAL.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The Western Union Telegraph Company filed its answer to-day in the suit of the United States against the telegraph company and Union Pacific railroad for the collection of $12,500. The answer denies that the Western Union was a party to any such agreement as is alleged in the complaint of the government, which is for the collection of tolls for messages transmitted over government land.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Bishop C. H. Fowler, of San Francisco was present to-day at the conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at Hoboken. Rev. Dr. Ruse, representing the Freedman's Aid Society, delivered an able address on the subject of colored schools in the South. He said he had been kindly received in all colored schools. There are sixteen thousand Methodist public school teachers in the South.

PROBABLY A HOAX.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Recorder Smyth, in the court of general sessions to-day, made public a letter he had received, which was marked "Personal." The letter said that when a decision favorable to Jay Gould is rendered $250,000 in $1000 bills, would be left at the recorder's residence. There was no signature to the letter.

DOUBLE DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

CHICAGO, March 29.—August Krakeow shot and killed his wife this afternoon and committed suicide. The couple had not been living together for some time, and it is said Krakeow charged his wife with having poisoned several of their children and attempting to kill him.

C., B. & Q. SHOPS BURNED.

AURORA, Ills., March 29.—Fire started in the C., B. & Q. shops to-night, and the building was nearly completely destroyed. Half of the building had been fitted up for a hotel for engineers and firemen, and over 100 of these had to make their escape with very little clothing.

THE NEW CHINESE TREATY.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The Tribune says that "it will be interesting to watch the reception of the Chinese treaty on the Pacific coast. This seems to come as near to absolute exclusion as the most earnest advocate of that policy could ask."

THE NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

ALBANY, March 29.—The senate yesterday killed the bill to permit women to vote at town and municipal elections. The vote was 25 to 15.

The assembly cut down Roscoe Conkling's claim for legal services from $20,000 to $2000.

THE BRITISH STEAMER WRECKED.

NANTUCKET, Mass., March 29.—The British steamer Canonbury, reported ashore, has been abandoned. Her crew of twenty-four men were rescued by the life saving crew. One of the crew died later from exposure.

EXCHANGES TO BE CLOSED.

NEW YORK, March 29.—All the exchanges of this city will be closed to-morrow. The cotton and coffee exchanges will be closed Saturday also.

THE VILAS LIBEL SUIT.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 29.—All the evidence in the Welch-Vilas criminal libel case is in, and to-morrow it will be given to the jury.

FAILURE OF A BROKER.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—The failure of Louis H. Zerega, broker, is announced on the cotton exchange.

CABLE NOTES.

NOTES FROM BERLIN.

BERLIN, March 29.—Emperor Frederick appeared at a window in Charlottenburg palace in undress uniform yesterday and was heartily cheered.

Formal declaration of amnesty is delayed, but persons who are to be pardoned are being prepared in order that they may visit their families at Easter.

The address of the women of Berlin to the Empress Victoria is being so numerously signed that it affords convincing proof that the majority oppose the unworthy gossip that has been circulated concerning her.

UNDUE OFFICIAL INFLUENCE.

PARIS, March 29.—The sub-committee of the chamber of deputies which has been considering the recent election of M. Flourens, minister of foreign affairs, as a deputy for the department of Hautes-Alpes, recommends that the election be annulled on the ground that it was secured by the use of undue official influence.

AWFUL HAVOC OF THE FLOODS.

BERLIN, March 29.—It is estimated that 50,000 persons have been rendered homeless by floods. The damage to property is now estimated at 400,000,000 marks. Suffering in the flooded districts is indescribable.

NEW ZEALAND TAKES A TURN.

LONDON, March 29.—A fierce storm, with high tides and tidal waves, has caused great damage in the north and south islands of New Zealand. Telegraph wires are down and railroad traffic has been abandoned on account of the destruction of roads.

RUSSIAN FINANCES.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 29.—The minister of finance has again presented to the council of the empire a bill permitting the use of metal currency in business dealings in Russia. The minister now insists upon the acceptance of the measure.

KING JOHN WANTS A CONFERENCE.

ROME, March 29.—Rumors are current to the effect that King John, of Abyssinia, has written a letter to King Humbert, inviting the latter to meet him to discuss their disputes, personally and in a manner worthy of kings.

CANADA.

TERMS OF THE MONOPOLY SURRENDER.

OTTAWA, March 29.—Negotiations between the Dominion government and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, respecting the surrender by the company of its monopoly in Manitoba and Northwest territory, were practically brought to an end to-day. It was stated that the government will buy back from the company 7,000,000 acres of land, at a valuation of $1 50 an acre of land, and for this $10,500,000 in ready cash the company agrees to the cancellation of the monopoly clause.

TWO BANK WRECKERS ARRESTED.

TORONTO, March 29.—Charles R. Cross, president, and Samuel C. White, cashier of the national bank of Raleigh, N. C., were arrested to-night on information charging them with forgery. Inside the lining of Cross's overcoat was found $24,545, and in White's $15,265.

MONMOUTH ITEMS.

March 28.

Republican county convention Tuesday, April 3. The new paper here made its initial appearance last Monday.

A religious revival is in progress at this place, some fifteen having been baptized.

The Normal school will be dismissed one day to attend judicial institute at Dallas next week.

The postoffice was removed to-day to a new location, just opposite the railroad depot. Mrs. Waller, a stanuch democrat, is now doing the duties of the office.

Miss Jean McDaniel, of Linn county, who injured her knee some time ago, has been compelled to go home, and it is probable will not be a member of the graduating class of this year.

Judge Butler, of Dallas, intends making some substantial improvements here in the near future. The judge is a rustler, and will prove a help to the town should he come here to live.

Any Eastern man coming to Oregon now and seeing the beauty in the sunshine and flowers, must surely fall in love with the state, and Polk county is now at her best. Comment is unnecessary.

The demand for lectures is greater than the supply, and calls are made on the Normal school, which results in many going out to teach who otherwise intended remaining in school. About thirty left this month.

THE PLEA.

"It was so sweet and lovely in its youth,"
So memory pleaded, while her tender hand
Strove round the drooping leaves to draw a band
As helpful as the broken strands of truth.
"The past lost glory dims the present more,"
Be answered with his clear eyes bright with scorn.
"Yet," whispered Memory, "when it first was born,
So many weakling leaves you saw and bore."
"Aye, for I thought that ever at its root
Were Love and Faith," replied the sweet, proud voice.
"And can no penitence, no second choice,
No pledge renewed, restore its blighted life?"
"My plea trust and treachery," he said.
And Memory heard and left the pale bloom dead.
—*All the Year Round.*

We will give every purchaser of Transit's Punch Cigars a set of base ball cards, said to be life-like pictures of the most celebrated players. Child & Co., druggists, corner Second and Morrison.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, March 29.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail: 16 sks hams, 81 sks hides, 11 cs cigarettes, 50 butts 10 bls 143 bxs tobacco, 10 hf bbls mackerel, 75 bxs 45 pls 25 kits fish, 20 bxs soap, 101 cs milk, 50 cs baking powder, 6 cs hosiery, 142 cs boots and shoes, 18 bls 85 cs dry goods, 12 cs clothing, 30 cs millinery, 11 bls sheeting, 38 bls bagging, 5 cs valises, 15 trunks, 20 safes, 260 kegs nails, 215 pcs 163 bdls iron pipe, car buggies, 9 cs clocks, 15 bellows, 60 bxs chimneys, 50 bdls hoop iron, 34 bdls double trees, 20 bdls fence wire, 61 bbls 3 bdls glassware, 22 bxs oil cans, 400 demijohns, 100 bdls baskets, 84 barrows.

General holiday in New York to-morrow (Friday). The English markets will rest until Tuesday, not that they are especially tired by recent high life, but it is the custom for English traders to pass Easter holidays as free as possible from the worries of trade.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty four hours include: 22,106 ctls wheat, 1094 bbls flour, 1248 ctls oats, 260 ctls millstuff, 15 sks potatoes, 760 lbs hides, 149 cs eggs, 7 pkgs butter, 287 bxs California oranges.

FREIGHTS—Another dull week must be reported, business being only enough to save the market from being described as inactive. On spot the Gartmoor closed for flour, the Derby Park and the Martha Fisher accepting lumber freights from Puget sound. The Aigburth and the Earlscourt arrived with prior business for grain for outside account, the Carnmony sailing with wheat. Only slight changes are made in the tonnage figures. We have a disposable flat of four iron vessels of 5057 tons register. Half the chartered fleet at hand have cargoes in or alongside. The market shows no thing of new interest. San Francisco is reporting a very active business for nitrate, coal and lumber, so that the quantity of tonnage there suitable for wheat is not over 20,000 tons at this time. San Diego and San Pedro hold no material quantity of open tonnage.

REGISTERED TONNAGE STATEMENT.

In port—Finished with grain	5,776	
For grain loading	9,418	
Iron disengaged	5,661	
Miscellaneous	2,103	22,354
On way—Due February-March	7,932	
Due later on	14,906	22,838

WHEAT—Receipts past week 1003 tons valley and 5143 tons Walla Walla, a very even movement. The valley now coming is almost entirely on account of old purchases, for the little done of late has been mostly for milling account. Prices appear to hold up very well for the most part and holders resist any attempt at a price reduction. On the other hand buyers have a weaker market to work on and can duplicate last prices only when wheat is needed or when it can be handed over to millers. Quoting is made difficult by existing conditions, and sales at $1 25 or anything approaching that figure are extremely favorable ones for the seller. The market is really much lower, for San Francisco quotes a decline in the week and nothing can be done in the way of foreign business. Walla Walla grades occupy a peculiar position. There is an inquiry for loading stuff to go into vessels here under charter to outside firms. The wheat held here is in strong hands, and cost much more than is now named. To go into the interior and buy enough to make up a cargo would require time and only remove the field of strife from city to country. Large holders have the upperhand and are going to get what they can for their stock. The squeeze, if the term may be used, is said to involve about 300 tons which is a quantity that can well be called large at this time of year. As the vessels wanting cargoes have only lately arrived the charterers have some little time in which to bargain for wheat or compromise with the owners of the vessels. All this does not help the general market for wheat, which keeps dull and some lower. For Walla Walla the export market is not above $1 15. Interior limits are now stated to be this figure, and it must answer for a quotation. Receipts are largely on old purchase account, very little new business passing in any direction. Of the chartered fleet of eleven vessels at hand four may be called finished while three want cargoes, shipment by steamer keep very active.

GREEN FRUIT—Apples are wanted at better prices, consumers insisting upon having a few, and dealers paying $1 50@2 50 for the purpose of supplying them. Oranges come in liberal quantities by rail, and selling has to be pushed at times. Best varieties are quoted at $3 50 for Navels, $3 50 for Riversides and Seedlings, and $2 75 for Los Angeles. Lemons quoted at $4 50@5.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage selling at 3½c, celery 90c, cauliflower $1 50 per doz. Not much doing.

BUTTER—The receipt of strictly choice local is steadily light, and in a small way the market holds up at 30@35c, the extreme being had only for very choice. There is quite a supply of cheaper grades, the whole range for such being 10@27½c. California fresh roll sells at 22c, and is freely dealt in.

EGGS—The market has improved some in price during the week although arrivals have been quite liberal. Demands have been sufficient to take all coming and to lessen the stock. At the close 22½c is quoted, with the market promising no early marked change.

HAY—Choice timothy holds up to $18@17 and is rather firm. There is a large offering of inferior at $14@15, and plenty of wild at $9@10.

THE MEAT MARKET.

Beef in full supply but firm. For live 4@4½c is quoted with the market favoring the extreme, dressed selling at 8c. Mutton is firm at 4½@5c for live and 8c dressed. Veal continues in light supply at 8@9c. Dressed hogs quoted 7@7½c, the supply being light.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The stock market was less active to-day, and fluctuations were quite irregular, leaving prices irregularly changed at the close, though most of the list show advances. There was very little pressure to sell at any time in the day, and evidences of support in most of the leading stocks were not wanting.

Governments were weak, except currency 6s.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Money on call, strong at 2 to 5; last loan, 4½; closed offered 4. Prime mercantile paper, 6@7. Sterling exchange, $4 85¾ for sixty day bills, $4 87¾ for demand.

BONDS.

U's (registered)	124	4½s (coupon)	106¾
U's (coupon)	125	Pacific 6s	120¾

STOCKS.

American Express	106	N. P. preferred	43
Canadian Pacific	61½	Northwestern	106¾
Canada Southern	49½	Or. Improvement	46
Central Pacific	28	O R & N	97
Burlington	78¾	Transcontinental	14
Delaware L. & W.	125¾	Pacific Mail	30
D. & R. G.	17	Reading	55½
Erie	24	Rock Island	108¾
Lake Shore	88¾	St. Paul	70¾
Louisville & Nashville	58¾	Preferred	91¾
Michigan Central	77	Union Pacific	51
Kansas & Texas	12¾	U. S. Express	72
N. Y. Central	103¾	Wells, Fargo	136
Northern Pacific	20½	Western Union	73

PRODUCE STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, March 29.—Closing prices: Atchison & Topeka railroad, 50; Burlington & Quincy, 118½; Mexican Central, common, 50½; do first mortgage bonds, 66¾.

MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, March 29.—Consols, 101 11-16. Silver per fine ounce, 43d. Bullion, unchanged, 3½.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Silver per ounce, 93¾c; Sterling exchange, long, $4 86½; short, $4 88½. U. S. bonds, 4s $1 21½; 4½s $1 06½.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—Transfers, 20; exchange on London, sixty days, $4 85½; documentary, $4 85.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.

Closing board prices:

Ophir	10	Belcher	4 90
Mexican	5 75	Overman	2 90
Gould & Curry	4 65	Justice	1 60
Best & Belcher	8 15	Union	4 85
Hale & Norcross	6 87	Alta	2 50
Con. Cal. & Va.	14 50	Andes	1 75
Chollar	7 00	Bullion	2 25
Potosi	5 62	North Belle Isle	7 25
Hale & Norcross	10 75	Nevada Queen	4 00
Crown Point	7 00	Crocker	1 10
Belcher, Wash Co	2 00	Bodie	2 70
Bullion	2 15	Peer	60
Exchequer	2 05	Peerless	1 55

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—Receipts—Wheat, 38,000 ctls; flour, 11,500 qr sks; barley, 2100 ctls; potatoes, 2300 sks.

Freights—No business for grain loading.

Wheat—Market quiet, demands of no moment and offerings small. For No. 1 shipping $1 30 is the extreme. Light trade in options during morning call, sales being 8100 tons buyer season at $1 33¾; 160 tons buyer year at $1 39½, and 200 at $1 39¾, both options showing a decline from yesterday's trading.

Wheat—Afternoon call sales: Buyer season, 1000 tons at $1 33¾; buyer year, 1000 tons at $1 39½, 200 tons at $1 39¾.

Barley—Weak, spot feed being quoted down to 77½c. Buyers season opened 80c, buyer year 89½c.

Barley—Buyer season closed 89¼c, buyer year 89¾c.

Oats—Receipts beyond requirements and large stocks held by holders who are evidently weakening. Quote feed $1 32½@1 37½.

Potatoes—New becoming plentiful; old ruling weak and irregular.

Butter—Fresh roll steady, receipts being only fair.

Eggs—Firm, the supply being a comparatively light one.

Wool—Spring clip close at hand, some small lots being received now. Market inactive.

Grain Bags—The interest has waned somewhat, but prices are held up.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Wheat opened weak; 77c May, 77¼c June. At noon, 78¼c March, 73¼c April, 70¾c May, 77¼c June. Closed, 73¼c March, 72¾c April, 77½c May, 77¼c June.

Provisions—Pork, $13 50 May; lard, $7 62½ May; ribs, $7 17½ May.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Wheat opened weak; 89¼c March, 88¾c April, 89¾c May, 88c June, 87¾c July. At noon, 89c March, 89c April, 89¾c May, 88c June, 87c July. Closed, 89¾c March, 89¾c April, 85¾c May, 88¾c June, 87¾c July.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Petroleum was excited at the opening, with sales at 85¼@85 at almost the same moment, but the tone was strong and the price advanced to 87½ in the first hour. A reaction to 86 then occurred, and after a period of steadiness the market rallied and closed strong at 87¾. Sales, 2,856,000 barrels.

Mining shares were active. Bodie $2 70, Bulwar 85c, California & Virginia $16 87½, Eureka $13, El Cristo $2 45, Mono $2 50, Ontario $7 37, Prosulite $1 95, Sierra Nevada $5 25, Standard $3 15.

Hops—Quiet and unchanged.

Sugar—Quiet and unchanged; refined, steady; O, 5½c; extra C, 6⅝@5⅞.

Copper—Steady; lake, 15¾@16c.

Lead—Dull; domestic, $5.

Tin—Firm; straits, $20 20.

Coffee—Spot fair Rio, firm at $14. Options a shade stronger, but quiet. Sales, 47,750 bags, April, $10 80@11; May, $10 75@11 95; June, $10 75@10 80; July, $10 50@10 60; August, $10 30@10 40; September, $10 20.

Foreign Markets.

BREADSTUFFS GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, March 29.—Weather in England fine. Country markets dull. Cargoes on passage, not much demand. Floating cargoes quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 29.—Spot, wheat, quiet but steady.

PARIS, March 29.—French country markets, quiet. Wheat and flour in Paris quiet.

LIVERPOOL, March 29—3 P. M.—Demand for spot wheat, fair. Options, 6s 7d March, 6s 7¾d April, 6s 8d June, 6s 8d July, 6s 8d August.

Holidays in England until Tuesday.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, March 29.—Wheat quiet, demand poor; holders offer moderately. Corn, steady; demand firm. New mixed western, 4s 8¾d per cental.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Br ship Arethusa arrived at Antwerp 24th inst. to discharge.

Br ship Titania cleared at London 24th inst. for Victoria.

Ger sh Christine arrived at Callao February 3 from Port Blakely.

The Frances Fisher and the Cairnsmore have reached San Francisco from Liverpool with 28,878 bxs tin plate.

The Arethusa will load at Antwerp for San Francisco.

Br bark Mary Low, 855 tons, arrived in to-day from Maryport with a cargo of steel rails to Balfour, Guthrie & Co. She made the passage in 142 days.

Br ship Fotfarshire, Newcastle, N. S. W., January 12 for this port, was spoken February 19 in 23 N, 128 W., by Jr ship Venture at San Francisco, 27th inst.

Br ship Alcinous has arrived at Melbourne from Puget sound.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

ASTORIA, March 29.—Oceanic arrived down with Br bk Glenbervie 1:30 P. M.; Br bk Mary Low, from Maryport, England, arrived in 2:30 P. M. Oceanic left up with Br bk Earlscourt at 4 P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—Arrived—Bkt Constitution, Chemainus; bkt Northwest, Port Madison; sh Fannie Tucker, Seattle; str San Pedro, Tacoma; Br sh City of Madrid, Hamburg. Sailed—Br sh Star of Italy, Barrard Juliet; str Walla Walla, Seattle; Br sh Wyoming, Cork.

TACOMA, March 29.—Arrived—Nor bk Lindsay, San Pedro.

SEATTLE, March 29.—Sailed—Sh T. F. Oakes, San Francisco.

PORT TOWNSEND, March 29.—Arrived—Br Invincible, San Diego; ships Red Cross and Geo. F. Manson, bark Sagamore and Br sh Staffordshire, San Francisco.

PORT DISCOVERY, March 29. — Arrived—Br ship Silverdale, San Francisco.

THE HOTELS.

BOSTON.

R E Marsh, St Paul	do	B L Morrison, Vancouver	
J K Maxwell	do	R W Simmons, Eugene	
J E Williams	do	J O Odell & w, Spokane	
B G Rose, San Francisco		J C Hutchinson, Oakland	
F J Rachelor	do	Mrs J J McCormick, Rsbg	
S W Hanson, Ashland		G S Tucker, McMinnville	
J K Ellderkin, Albany		Mrs Longshore-Potts, N Y	
E Eldred, Grinnell, Ia		Miss Charles Harrison, do	
W H Babcock, Junction		W A Larch, do	
James White, St Louis		T C Harper, Omaha	
L G White, do		H C Latham, do	
T K Johnson, Skamokawa		C P Yates, do	
F Collins, Dallas		W T Watson, N Orleans	

GILMAN.

M Abrahams, San Fran		R J Prince, Boston	
C D Hines, do		L A Seafield, New York	
Miss L D Miller, do		G P Waltham, Minneap	
M H Barr, do		Mrs Waltham, do	
M Saramuch, do		J K Clark, Butte, M T	
F Koenigsburger, do		Mrs J K Clark, do	
S Baden, do		W M Jack, do	
J P Worthen, do		Mrs W M Jack, do	
Mrs E G Patten, do		H A D Achenel, do	
C C Quinn, do		Mrs D'Achenel, do	
P C Sumner, do		Mrs E Turner, LaCamas	
J B Johnson, Walla W		J M Beatty, Pendleton	
Jos Keller, do		F M Barnett, Chicago	
A C Smith, do		George B Adair, Seattle	
A Fitzer, St Paul		O G Campbor, Vancouver	
Mrs A Fitzer, do			

MERCHANT.

R A Mantet, Philadelp		J F McQuietvail, Cos Cos	
W C Thitte, La Grosse		J V Johns, The Dalles	
Jas Merrick, Minneapo		John Merrick, St Paul	
R Fishbone, Fanga U		E J Rice, Shoshone	
Miss L Hunter, Huntogdn		Miss N H Parks, Palouse	
Mrs K R Howe, Colfax		N H Rumford & w, Cinci	
Miss L Howe do		M Costopest, Seattle	
Jack Fishel, Tamsas C		S C Nott, do	
S S How, Tacoma		Mrs Hanson, Yakima C	
Wm Scott, Candin, N J		R Dunstee, Grand Island	
E Hamilton, Wyoming		J M Radebaugh, Tacoma	
S Arnold, w & ch, Vanc		Jas Travias, Glendale	
P McMasters, Walla W		E M Bonner, St Paul	
Geo Malcom, Chicago		T G Larsen, Tacoma	

EDMOND.

J W Collins, Astoria		Jas McIntyre, Sauvie's Is	
Jas W Webb, Salem		H E Rowland, Boulder	
L Enderson & w, Cincin		J J Hunt, Tennessee	
J T Welch, Montana		G S Norris, Chicago	
H A Storrs, California		G W Dook, Boston	
O Syre, Denver		W E Howe, do	
Geo J Rankin, Denver		W C Jones, Spokane	
C Dittriese, do		J W Arthur, do	
A A Mollmarr e, do		A W Bonnie, Butte	
D D Streete, do		N W Battle & w, Seattle	
W F Read, Salt Lake Cy		Alfred Battle, do	
Mrs D Bryant & C, N Powder		F U Coates, N Y	
J B Dean, Minneapolis		Mrs A Schranz, San Fran	
Mrs Hand, Dalles		M Levi, do	
F H Martin, Kalama		Chas A Field, do	
Rm Eames & w, Ashtabula		H W Ball, Tacoma	
H W Trembs h, Or City		E L Johnson, Corvallis	
John Jones, Dayton		John Quigley, Bradbury	
Jas Fisk, Clackamine			

ST. CHARLES.

M Merwin, Ic depen		I N Lafferty, Hillsboro	
Mrs Sylvester, The Dls		A A Lafferty, Astoria	
Miss Stearns, do		T Seymour, do	
M Levey, do		J T Metcalf, Montesano	
Miss L A Bozarth, Vane		H L Johnson, LaCamas	
J A Tilley & sn, Wardne		A H George & wf, St Hins	
R G Hart, Walla Walla		Mrs Dutot, LaCamas	
A K Roper, LaCenter		Mrs Davenport, do	
L C Palmer, Vancouver		J A Clarkson, Victoria	
W E Edwards, Juno		J Chenowith, Oakland	
A Forbes, LaCenter		E F Rocker, do	
W Johnson, do		J H Woodsum, do	
Mrs T B Hope, Cascades		J Owen, S Prairie	
D S Sprinkler, Arlington		C W Owen, do	
H Dale, Baker City		H Mooney, Comstock	
R S Sanderson, do		W Eckert, do	
D J Trumbley, Mich		J R King, Prineville	
F Hampton, The Dalles		E H Jefferson, Seattle	
Miss McCarty, Olympia		G Wright & w, do	
T J Block, Halsey		D McIntyre, do	
D S Bonser, Seavies		T C Bird, Vane	
W H Bonser, do		A L Haworth, Newberg	
Mrs R B Hood, Dalles		G R Haworth, do	
G W Gorrell, do		A Rochester, Newport	
H S Harland, San Fran		E D Brooks, Skamokawa	
Mrs Herron, Astoria		L Mayers, do	
J L Smith, do		H L Smith, jr, do	
L W Davis, Walla W		Mrs J Vandyne, Indepn	
Mrs B Price, Vancouver			

INTERNATIONAL.

F Flemming, Iowa		J E Flemming, Vancouver	
M Carr, Whitman		J A Lafferty, Clarence	
H Watridge, Colorado		A Sheldon, McCoy	
John Munson, Salem		A J Cummings, Dalles	
E Leach, Cornelius		Geo Temple, do	
H Leach, Gaston